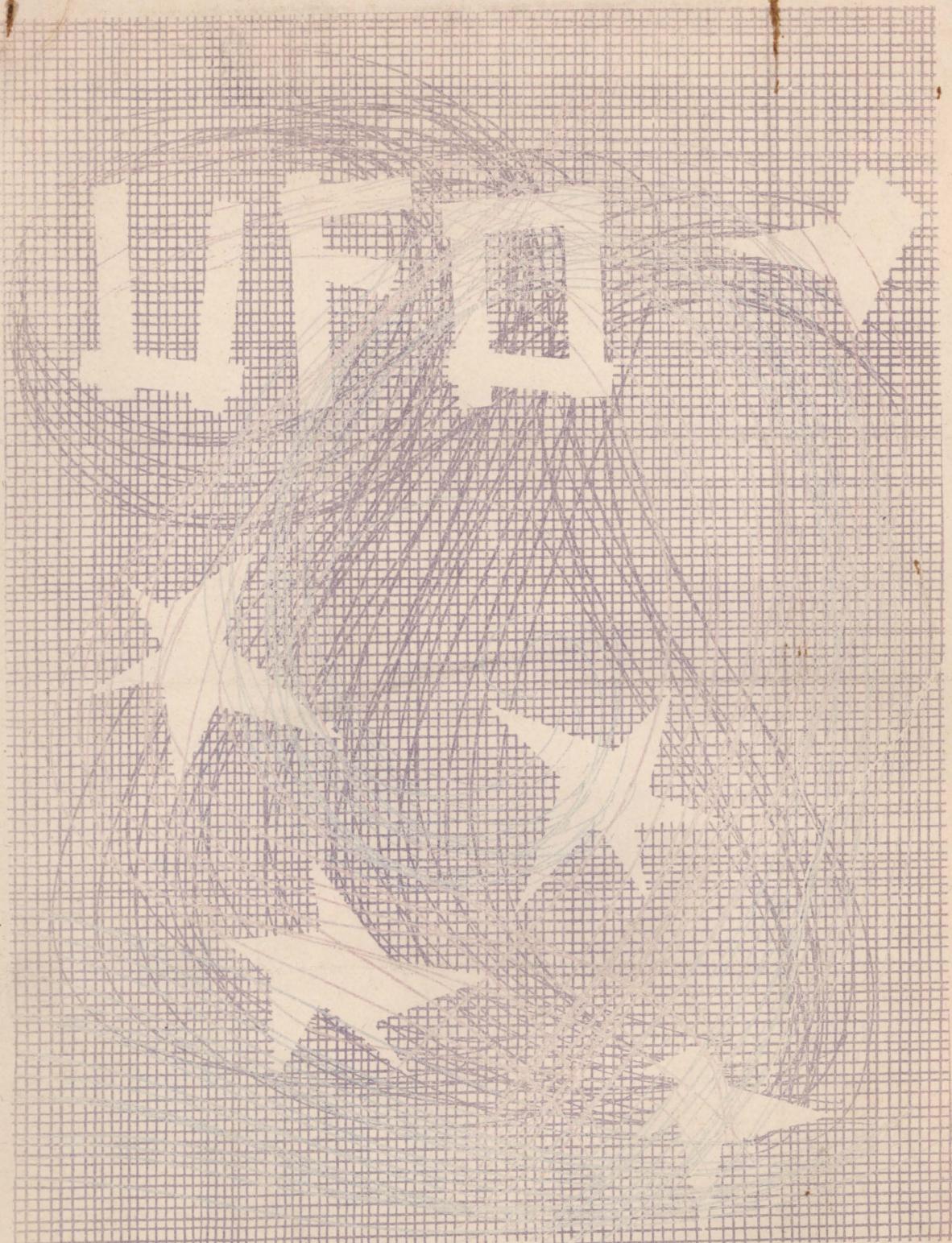


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U.F.O. BULLETIN Vol 1 No 3 DECEMBER 1957

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U.F.O. Investigation Centre

Unidentified Flying Objects - Space - Allied Subjects.

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U.F.O. BULLETIN

Vol. 1, No. 3 Sydney, Australia December, 1957

EDITORIAL

If in the last issue we remarked that the Space Age was at our doorstep, in this we say - THE SPACE AGE IS HERE. For the first time in known history man has reached Outer Space. A race to the moon between Russia and America is on.

Man's interplanetary excursions may attract more U.F.O.'s to our planet. This is but a logical conclusion if we assume that the technology of the planets sending spaceships to our earth is so superior to ours that they may be aware, by means of remotely controlled equipment, of our sad international affairs. Then their concern about our proposed "conquest of space" may well be understood.

In this "interplanetary crisis" the earth is likely to have more and more visitations from space. The recent reports of landings of spacecraft in America, if proven correct, confirm this hypothesis. The same may be said about mysterius radio transmissions on the 14 megacycle band picked up in early November.

The role of the U.F.O. investigation groups throughout the world will become more and more important. With more sightings of the Mount Stromlo (Canberra) class when four observatory astronomers saw an "unidentified flying object", the public and the press would want the truth - not mere substitutes for it.

This issue features a "correspondence interview" with the famous Professor Hermann Oberth, the designer of the space rocket, now engaged by the U.S. Government.

Dr. M. Lindtner's article "Life in the Universe" will be appreciated by all serious U.F.O. investigators everywhere, as it is based on the most up-to-date scientific data.

A report on the Soviet reaction to the U.F.O.'s is another item of interest included in this bulletin.

In the face of governmental and public opposition to

giving an unprejudiced analysis of the U.F.O. problem, civilian investigators say U.F.O.'s are REAL and they are undoubtedly of OUTER SPACE origin. As this opposition is shattered by the weight of daily accumulating evidence, the public will know WHO SPOKE THE TRUTH.

* * *

A.P. Tomas,
Editor.

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PROFESSOR HERMANN OBERTH WRITES TO AUSTRALIA

The UFO Investigation Centre has much pleasure in releasing this report on the opinions of the world-famous scientist, Professor Hermann Oberth. Professor Oberth acted as advisor to the government of West Germany in a project of investigation into UFOs and is engaged now in a U.S. Guided Missile project in Alabama. When his work on rockets is completed Professor Oberth plans to devote more time to the study of "unidentified flying objects".

Professor Oberth is internationally known as the grand old man of space travel. His research paved the way for the construction of V2 during World War II. But it is spaceships rather than weapons of war that his heart is set on.

He was one of the first members of "Verein für Raumfahrt" - the Society for Space Travel. The Society was the first interplanetary association in the world.

The theories of Professor Oberth and his computations about the possibility of escape from the gravitational pull of earth have been recently confirmed by the Sputniks. For a man who, some twenty-five years ago, was considered a visionary, this is indeed a triumph.

Oberth has expressed his firm belief in the reality of "flying saucers" and their cosmic origin.

We now present to you the questions of the Editor with the answers of Professor Oberth, translated from German:

Q. Professor Oberth, at the present rate of technical progress, when can interplanetary travel be made a reality?

A. Besides the technical advance, this also depends on economic conditions. If conditions remain as they are, we can count on the first manned satellites in 5 to 10 years. From then, it would be another 10 - 15 years before a trip to Mars could be made. (About 1975 - Ed.)

Q. Do you believe that in some prehistoric age the moon could have been a planet with some sort of life?

A. This is unlikely. Had it existed we would probably have noticed through our strongest telescopes some signs of former life on the moon.

Q. If the moon is used as a base by the crews of "flying saucers", would it not be logical to expect their objection to our "invasion", particularly if they have an idea of the warlike nature of our planetary civilisation.

A. I do not think that the UFOs use the moon as an operational base.

Q. Is it your opinion that before emerging into outer space we should put our planetary home into shape?

A. It would be good on the whole if we could have politically a High Court of Justice (and a fair one), not only for space travel.

Q. There have been a number of claims of contacts with the pilots of "flying saucers". Do you consider them all worthless?

A. I myself have received letters from such people. Whether they were in communication with the Uranides it is impossible to decide today. Most of what they give out is rubbish, but among these persons with telepathic powers is a lady whose reports on communications are very remarkable on account of their philosophic and political content. When I retire later on I plan to review and publish these reports for a wider reading public. The lady in question avoids all publicity in issuing these communications. Personally I cannot get rid of the impression that these transmissions do really come from beings who intellectually are at least equal to us and who in culture may be thousands of years ahead of us. I do not think that the said lady is capable of imagining all those things for herself.

Q. Do you admit the possibility of the existence of unknown contactees who prefer to keep silent rather than risk ridicule and persecution?

A. Well, the lady I spoke about is an example of

a person who is in contact with the Uranides (or at least believes herself to be) and who is not in the public light. There are also people who have seen UFOs and have never reported them. According to some messages UFO landings could take place only on ice or in sand deserts. I think even there they are absolutely improbable.

Thank you, Professor Oberth, for these valuable opinions.

* * *

In an article released in Australia on Jan. 1st, 1955, in the Sydney Morning Herald, Professor Oberth speculated on the possibility of humanoid beings in other solar systems possessing more senses than the five we have.

"The inhabitants of these planets, lost in the ocean of space, may react to rays still unknown to us," wrote Oberth.

"Their means of communication may be anything from a ray to a para-psychological power revealed to us occasionally in human manifestations of telepathy," he said.

Professor Oberth is convinced that the UFOs are visitors from space who have been examining the earth for centuries, but he is more inclined to think that they come from other solar systems rather than from planets of our own.

Professor Oberth is working on a research project to utilise light as a reactor power. The "Photon Drive" and the "Ionic Drive" methods of propulsion in outer space are considered to be answers to space travel problems. A trip to Mars may then take but a few hours.

A THEOLOGIAN AND THE MARTIANS

ATN Channel 7 program on November 17th featured in its session "The Burning Question" a discussion, "CAN MARTIANS BE CHRISTIANS?"

The Rev. Dr. Malcolm Mackay remarked that "living things" on other planets would probably not be morally and spiritually susceptible, nor would they have the brain capacity for an intelligent life.

The theologian said that if life were discovered on other planets, this would be no more disturbing to Christianity than finding an unknown tribe in the highlands of New Guinea.

The "Burning Question" is - how do these "planetary tribes" with low brain capacity manage to build spaceships ?

Another "Burning Question" is this - are WE, the people of earth, susceptible to morality and spirituality ?

TWO OBSERVATORIES WATCH UFOs

Four astronomers at the Commonwealth Observatory, Mount Stromlo (Canberra) early on Friday, November 8th, watched for eight minutes a bright, pink object in the sky - and they do not know what it is.

The four scientists first saw the object after they had finished tracking the course of Sputniks 1 and 2 at 3.03 a.m. One of the astronomers who saw the object, Dr. A. Przybylski, said it had a bright pink luminosity which was brighter than anything else in the sky at the time except for the moon.

The Assistant Director of the Observatory, Dr. A. R. Hogg commented: "What it was remains an open question. It is the first time that the observatory has sighted what might be called an unidentified flying object." (Underlined by us - Ed.)

A young astronomer at the National Observatory at Toulouse on Friday night November 8th sighted in the sky a mysterious, elliptical, brilliant, canary-yellow coloured object.

The astronomer, M. Chapuis, followed it for five minutes with a small telescope when it appeared west-north-west of Toulouse. He said it sped west, made two sweeping turns, then sped in the opposite direction. It disappeared for 30 seconds, descended almost vertically in a clear sky, and vanished again in shadow.

Rough computations at Mount Stromlo Observatory showed that the object was not more than 1,600 miles above the earth.

A WORD TO THE SCEPTICS

It is rather amusing to note than a UFO has been seen by the same observatory that gave Britain an Astronomer Royal - Professor Richard Woolley, a convinced UFO sceptic. Professor Woolley remarked early this year that space travel was "utter

"bilge" and it was "all rather rot". He stuck to the statement in an interview recently even with Sputnik 1 buzzing over his head.

In regard to the UFOs his views are identical with those of his predecessor, Sir Spencer Jones. "The solar system has no planets with intelligent life and the planets are too far from us", is their objection.

With due respect to the great knowledge of astronomy possessed by these two top astronomers, their ideas about the solar system and space travel may be as erroneous as those of Tito Ticinelli about the shape of the earth and the future of aviation found in a 400 year old book:

"My recently published discourse, in which I disproved to the satisfaction of all thinking men the fable of the rotundity of the earth, was received with so much popular acclaim that I have decided to proceed with the disproving of another widespread fallacy - to wit, the notion that in future centuries it will be possible for men to fly by mechanical means"

RAYS FROM AN UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECT?

On Monday September 16th about 7.30 p.m. Les McDonald, 17, and Gladys Smith, 14, were passing a dark bush road in Smithfield, near Fairfield, on the way to a bus stop, when they saw a red light in the trees.

Suddenly the red light changed to green, spreading all around them like a mist. It covered an area about 100 to 120 yards in diameter. At that moment Les and Gladys became virtually paralysed, but they felt a warm glow.

The Committee of the UFOIC conducted an investigation into this case and feel that the impression caused by the papers that the boy and girl were "frozen with fear" must be corrected. Gladys says she had no fear while she was in this condition of suspended animation. She was merely cognizant of things as they were without being able to react. It was only when the experience ended that the observers got frightened. Gladys and Les stood frozen to the ground in the luminous mist. The phenomenon lasted about two minutes according to the observers.

From an elevated position in the locality a Mrs. Camileri

saw a "coloured shower" fall from a clear sky on the district where Gladys and Les were. What is more she watched this strange phenomenon at the exact time reported by the young people. This important corroboration was not mentioned by the press.

A recent contact story from Nebraska tells how R.O. Schmidt encountered a spaceship on the ground, the radiation of which switched off the ignition in his car and stalled it. Then a beam of light was directed from the object. Mr. Schmidt's exact words are:

"It sort of froze me. I couldn't move."

James Stokes, an engineer from an Air Force missile base in New Mexico related recently how a UFO flying towards him affected his car radio and stopped his car. As it passed, Mr. Stokes felt a kind of heat wave like radiation from a giant sun lamp.

In the light of this indirect corroboration of an unusual phenomenon, the Smithfield incident deserves a hearing. Mrs. Camileri's statement about the rays originating somewhere in the sky points to a probable UFO origin of the mysterious red - green rays.

Professor Oberth entertains a supposition that the occupants of the UFOs may be using unknown rays and para-normal powers. He has probably the right answer to this unexplainable light phenomenon, which in some strange way, temporarily paralysed the boy and girl.

NEW U.F.O. LANDINGS

Canada

Jack Stephens, 15, of Galt, Ontario observed a round dome-topped object on July 30th for 45 minutes. The UFO hovered almost on the ground. Its lower part was aluminium coloured and the upper seemed to be chromium. The dome did not rotate, but the lower part did. The ship made a throbbing sound. It ascended vertically and disappeared at a speed faster than that of a jet.

Brazil

Time magazine (September 9th, 1957) has a most unusual contact story in the Science section. Professor Guimaraes,

Santos' Catholic University in Brazil claims to have met "spacemen" on the beach of Sao Sebastiao and to have taken a ride in a flying saucer. The professor had a long talk with the saucermen. "It is wiser not to divulge it. The authorities know all the details". Professor Guimaraes is wealthy, famous and respected. His Faculty Dean says: "... Nobody can make me believe Guimaraes is a liar or insane."

Fiji

Two middle - aged Fijian couples saw on November 7th a round white object 20 feet above sea level, which descended vertically from the sky. A figure of a man standing on the outside of the saucer was observed. This figure shone a very bright light on the Fijians' boat. They were dazzled and felt weak. Then the figure disappeared and the object rose vertically. In the isolated district where this UFO was seen there are no comics. The natives have never heard about the "flying saucer".

America

Everett Clark, a 12 year old boy of Knoxville, Tennessee, reported seeing a long and round spaceship which landed in a field. Two men and two women stepped out of the ship, talking "like German soldiers in war movies". The ship took off without a sound after one of the men tried to pet Everett's dog. Imprints on the ground were found from the ship.

R.O. Schmidt, 48, a grain dealer from California on a trip to Nebraska saw what he thought was a wrecked balloon resting on the sandy river bank. When he came closer, his car stalled. The object on the ground was 100 feet long, 30 feet wide and about 14 feet high. Mr. Schmidt was stopped short by a beam of light which "froze him so that he could not move". Two men came down a set of steps from the machine and asked if he had any weapons. He was then searched and invited inside the ship. Two women and several men were busy working on wires and instruments. Mr. Schmidt was "scared". The pilots of the machine said they were not going to do any harm. They did not want to say anything about the spaceship or where they came from. However, they did say : "THERE MIGHT BE AN ANNOUNCEMENT IN THE NEAR FUTURE" Schmidt was in the machine for half an hour and said that the men spoke some English and perfect German.

The Deputy Sheriff, Police Chief and editor of a local paper later found greenish oil on the spot, which was taken for testing.

Australia

Cane farmers at Yorkey's Knob near Cairns, Queensland, saw a brilliant object at night which they mistook for a burning aircraft. The object descended on the cane field 200 yards from the observers. It was glowing silver in colour and the whole countryside and hills around were lit up like daylight. Then it rose and moved slowly towards the farmhouse. L.C. Robinson, one of the farmers, thought the object was intelligently guided as it flew over terrain.

(The American landings, the Fiji saucer sighting and the landing in Queensland all took place in the first week in November - Editor.)

OUR COMMITTEEMAN CHECKS A UFO SIGHTING FROM A PLANE

In Bathurst, N.S.W. a number of "flying saucer" sightings were reported on 7th November. Scores of people were pointing towards a shiny object in the sky.

In response to radio instructions a Quantas Super - Constellation bound for Sydney from Hong Kong circled the town of Bathurst conducting a search for a UFO.

The Navigation Officer made a check and found it was Venus. He was Ken Hatton, of the UFO Investigation Centre Committee. Ken, we take your word for it!

LIFE IN THE UNIVERSE

Dr. M. Lindtner

While modern science has achieved so many victories over the old traditional beliefs that it can almost dictate new conceptions of life and the universe, we are at the same time left unconvinced by the scientists' attitude to the problem of UFOs.

By denying recognition of this phenomenon the scientific outlook is contradicting its own principle that all scientific thought must be supported by material evidence and experimental proof.

Telescopes, photography, radar, radio signals and thousands of visual reports have recorded the recent earth satellites. However, would all these data suffice for

recognition of the man - made objects now circling the earth if the U.S.S.R. had not informed us of their launching? The answer is clear - and it applies identically to UFOs.

The reason for this attitude of the scientific hierarchy is either a subjective conspiracy, or, if objective, reveals a philosophical immaturity little removed from the times of Copernicus and Gallileo.

Any phenomenon or object related to it according to the present viewpoint is only significant in so far as it is recognisably related to the known environment. Thus the UFOs will only be accepted by current scientific opinion as originating from some extra - terrestrial intelligence if intelligent life can also be demonstrated and explained elsewhere in the universe.

However, we are taught that there are no planets in our solar system able to support intelligent beings, although the existence of some primitive forms of life on Mars or Venus is not absolutely excluded. Again, it is denied that there is any possibility of physical communication with the nearest speculative planetary system some few thousand light - years away even if the possibility of life existing there were theoretically conceded.

As UFOs show all the characteristics of being the product of some far superior technological knowledge to ours, science, because of its negation of intelligent life in our neighbourhood, has no reasonable background into which to place them. For this reason UFOs remain ignored or interpreted as ordinary explainable phenomena.

However, this attitude will sooner or later have to change. It is clear from past experience that our reasoning is parallel with the advance of technology - perfection of an instrument is the measuring stick, the truth, the genius of its master.

The electronic microscope has made the world smaller than it was thought before; new telescopes placed the infinite still farther away; isotopes register the age of the earth as much greater; and atomic research has demonstrated that matter is still more complex.

Each new discovery bigger than the previous one has changed a section of our scientific outlook - more changes in the whole conception of apparent reality will be necessary to explain the new and expanding evidence. History repeats itself - and history is not only the past, but also the future.

To understand the conflict regarding the possibility of intelligent life in the universe a study of scientific data dealing with the origin of our own life and conditions for its maintenance should be reviewed and then this knowledge together with other evidence comparatively applied to the rest of the universe.

During the last two centuries Spallanzani and Pasteur were two of the first to initiate the collapse of the spontaneous generation theory by their controlled experiments proving that the living organism can generate only from its identical predecessor via reproduction. From then on, science had to accept the view that amorphous matter could never spontaneously give birth to living things, contrary to the generally accepted belief at that time that it could, providing certain conditions obtained.

The only alternative left was a return to the acceptance of the primary supernatural act of creation. The relatively poor scientific knowledge of some still sceptical scientists did not have any arguments to offer in contradiction, so the creation theory was a philosophical necessity.

Chemical analysis of living matter showed that the organic compounds like hydrocarbons, fats, proteins and nucleic acids are the basic constituents, which could not be produced in the laboratory. Organic substances must therefore originate only from the living organic matter itself.

Some meteorites were found to possess a certain fraction of hydrocarbons proving, according to that principle that the masses from which the meteorites originated must have been inhabited by life forms of which the hydrocarbons were the decomposition products.

Later research, however, excluded this hypothesis by showing that similar carbonaceous substances were also produced in our earth crust under conditions of enormous temperature and pressure, excluding the possibility of the presence of life. It was thus established, and later confirmed by isotopic analyses, that the existence of hydrocarbons is not necessarily associated with living organisms. The term "organic" has gradually lost its original vitalistic implications. It has become possible to synthesise new organic compounds, although still using other organic substances as a starting point.

Astronomy supplied new data showing that hydrogen is the basic element in the universe from which other elements are formed gradually by internal atomic processes, as the condensation towards star formation proceeds. Finally, on

still denser cosmic bodies the entire system of elements is completed - elements all found on our earth. Although the proportions of the elements in the universe may vary, their presence throughout proves sufficiently the common origin and evolution of cosmic systems.

Spectral analyses of stars produced evidence that various combinations of atoms are occurring on the surface while temperatures regress towards 11,000°C. In fact, compounds between hydrogen and carbon are appearing, while later these combinations are joined by oxygen, nitrogen and metals which appear in increasing amounts as the fall in temperature continues.

Applying these observations to our solar system and considering that it once comprised a common mass from which each unit originated, it will be understood that all its components have to pass through similar evolutionary processes. Their different present appearance represents only their relative stages of development.

While the primordial planetary matter gradually condensed and shrunk the internal chemical reactions between elements produced numerous new compounds which solidified to form planetary crust.

Closer investigations of the earth's crust revealed an early presence of simple organic compounds. Some of them, the remnants of earlier stellar combinations (methane, cyan, dicarbon) are now incarcerated as gasses within the rock strata while others have formed more recently by the interaction of carbon with the metals (carbides, cyanides), since the condensation of the planet.

Geological movements and continuous volcanic eruptions caused these compounds on the earth's surface where they interacted with the primitive earth atmosphere consisting at that time only of steam. There the carbon reacted chemically with the hydrogen and oxygen in the water, forming the first complete hydrocarbon molecules. Similarly, materials containing carbon and nitrogen formed the primitive nuclei of proteinic chains.

These organic molecules fell into turbulent seas, which was an excellent medium for circulation, and came into contact with other organic molecules and those from dissolved minerals. Physical and chemical activities, like continual collisions, attraction and repulsion of electrically charged molecules, knocking out and replacing of molecular atomic groups, made this saturated mixture a place of

innumerable combinations resulting in enormous varieties of molecular aggregates.

The mathematics of probability shows that with a frequency of interaction of millions upon millions per second, and with sufficient time, any possible combination must have resulted - and the earth had plenty of time at its disposal.

By adding more molecular groups from the new materials continuously arriving from the earth's outer surface and by further combinations and reactions between the molecular aggregates, the size and complexity of compounds increased, finally producing a breakdown of the molecules at the points of weakest atomic linkage. The new sets of molecular groupings thus freed already possessed an intrinsic tendency to select and organise new materials into structures which would resemble the previous patterns. The first type of reproduction thus occurred.

This phenomenon is well known in the formation of crystals where the chains of molecular aggregates always reproduce identical patterns, specific for each chemical entity. In the same way the amino acids were formed which are, according to the example, a crystallisation of thousands of atoms of carbon, hydrogen, oxygen and nitrogen, arranged in a series of identical groups linked together into a chain. The amino acids - about twenty-eight are known - are the basic ingredients of any living substance. In fact, each protein is composed of several hundreds to several thousands of amino acid molecules linked together by special bonds to form long chains with numerous intricate branches, strictly to a pattern, specific for each protein.

So far, the hypothesis served well to construct the basic materials of living substances; now all that the physico-chemical theory needed was material proof.

This long-awaited evidence arrived in 1952, when Professor Urey and his student Miller demonstrated the presence of several amino acids in the mixture of gasses of hydrogen, methane, ammonia and water vapour, when charged with electric sparks. The experiment aimed to re-enact the conditions on the earth's surface millions of years ago and the part played by electricity (lightning).

This amazing result cleared at once all doubts about the probability of spontaneous generation of complex organic structures induced by some natural trigger factors, from simple organic compounds which formed out of single elements.

However, how the substance started to live, the crossing of the bridge between inanimate and animate matter, that something which caused nature to differentiate mineral from animal, remained to be explained.

Partial clarification, or rather a most significant lead to the solution of this problem was given by the recent discovery, credited to Professor Stanley at Berkeley Virus Laboratories, who demonstrated that, not only the components of living matter, but also life itself can originate spontaneously under right conditions.

By mixing a solution of various amino acids with another, nucleic acid, in a test tube, after a period of a few minutes an opalescently glowing substance precipitated. Examination by electronic microscope showed a mass of rod-like organisms possessing a complex internal structure. These particles were definitely alive; they reproduced their species and behaved typically as viruses if sown on appropriate media.

The old school of spontaneous generation theory, then, was actually not wrong at all - and what Pasteur convinced us of, has it then to be rejected? No, the new line of thought gives credit to both within certain limits. It accepts a spontaneous generation for relatively simple living matter where the organs, in our sense of understanding, are not yet represented, while from a cell level on, towards highly advanced organisms, the evolutionary theory and Pasteur's views remain respected.

Several other fantastic reports were announced on the occasion of the recent international biological conference; the details are unfortunately not yet known; all of them supporting the theory of material origin of life. Matter then from its origin possesses a definite tendency towards organisation which, while growing in complexity, develops a coordinated activity among specific atomic groups up to the stage when suddenly the whole integer results in a new property, a special function or new dimension - life.

Here is the vital point of our argument which enables us to reason that, if matter is universal and life is its inherent quality, then anywhere in the cosmos under conditions similar to ours the generation of similar life patterns must be a logical necessity.

Again, our knowledge is still too limited to permit any judgement upon the question of whether life formation as we have experienced it is a unique phenomenon, or whether there exist in the universe some other lines of life-building process. These could lead, under different conditions, to life

forms similar to ours or to other living beings as yet absolutely unimaginable to us with our present conceptions.

* * *

(This is the first of a series of articles about cosmic life, by Dr. M. Lindtner, of the UFO Investigation Centre)

THE SOVIET REACTION TO THE U.F.O.s

Professor Kukarkin, one of Russia's greatest astronomers, is reputed to have said a few years ago that "flying saucers" were a case of pure war-mongering psychosis.

Radio Moscow announced on August 13th that UFOs had never been sighted over Russian Territory. Victor Tomarev of the Moscow Planetarium claimed that UFO stories were fabricated by the American press.

David Zaslavsky of the Soviet official newspaper "Pravda" wrote not so long ago that "flying saucers" were American pirate planes.

A refugee from an Iron Curtain country has told us that the Literary Gazette (Literaturnaya Gazetta) contained a book review of a "flying saucer" book some years ago and it was extremely critical.

This is one side of the medal.....

On the other we find a favourable review of Donald Cramp's "Space, Gravity and the Flying Saucer" in a Soviet Polish publication, and two articles about the Soviet reaction to the UFOs released in Germany.

In an intriguing story "UFOs from Venus?", Neues Europa (February 15th, 1955) alleges that the information comes from the Academy of Space Research in Moscow.

The statement of the U.S.S.R. Academy of Space Research indicates that the UFOs are not illusions or mirages but solid objects made of unknown material, hard yet elastic.

The scientists of the Academy consider that 90% of "flying saucers" come from the planet Venus. Because of the differences in gravity on Venus and Earth, as well as in atmospheric conditions, landings of the people of Venus on earth are not safe for them at this stage. However, the Soviet scientists who made the statement are of the opinion that landings of "Venusians" on earth will begin in approximately thirty years.

The report mentions space stations from which "flying saucers" make their trips to our atmosphere. It also claims that many "flying saucers" have crashed on earth and the pilots of the craft have been killed. The UFOs are using an unknown

form of energy for propulsion and are automatically remotely controlled from space stations. Spacesuits of various designs are used by the visitors from space in preparation for the day they will make an "official landing" on our planet.

Professor Vladorov of Moscow does not think we shall see this "invasion" before 1985 as it will take 30 years for the crews of the "flying saucers" to get adjusted to the biological and physical conditions of the earth.

Another German publication, Neues Zeitalter (April, 1955) reported a message allegedly received from a UFO at Irkutsk, Siberia. The energy employed in making this transmission from a UFO was so strong that radio equipment was burned and a lot of interference caused in the air. This "astrogram" read:

LANDING ON EARTH IN 15 TERRESTRIAL YEARS...DESTRUCTION
NOT INTENDED...DEFENCE USELESS...PEACEFUL COLONISATION...
EXCHANGE POSSIBLE

Soviet nuclear scientists' reaction to this message was summed up by Professor Sabayev and Doctors Vladiansky, Bornovkin and Grabuyenkov in these words:

"THIS IS THE FIRST AUTHENTIC MESSAGE FROM A U.F.O."

If the German reports are true, this Soviet release of UFO news, particularly of so fantastic a nature, is too amazing to comment.

UFOIC ANNUAL MEETING

On Wednesday, November 6th, the UFOIC held its Annual General Meeting for the election of 12 members of the Committee.

Miss J. Croser, our lovely Secretary, had to resign in order to continue her education. Her enthusiasm and efficiency has contributed a great deal to our success. Mr. Mel Woods, with a background of social and educational work, has been nominated Secretary for 1958.

Two more members were added to the Committee. They are Dr. J. Greenwell, an amateur astronomer, and Mr. T.W.S. Dutton, Chief Engineer of a big concern, and a keen "ufologist".

Dr. W.P. Clifford was re-elected President, and Mr. A.P. Tomas, Vice-President. Mr. Fred Phillips was nominated Vice-President and Public Relations Officer.

A panel of qualified scientific advisers stands behind

the President.

UFOIC NOTES

Lectures

Our Lectures are advertised in the Sydney Morning Herald (classified section) on each Saturday preceding the FIRST WEDNESDAY in the month. They are held at the Esperanto Hall, 12 - 14 Ennis Rd., Milson's Point, on the FIRST WEDNESDAY at 7.30 p.m.

Keep these dates reserved for the first half of 1958:
JAN 1st, FEB 5th, MAR 5th, APR 2nd, MAY 7th, JUN 4th.

N.I.C.A.P.

Major Donald Keyhoe is Director of the National Investigation Committee of Aerial Phenomena, at Washington. If you wish to join, the address is:

1536 Connecticut Ave., N.W., Washington, 6, D.C., U.S.A.
An excellent magazine is published.
Membership - \$ 7.50 per year.

Another Film Night

Another film night was held by UFOIC on Wednesday, December 4th. Two Soviet films - A Flight To The Moon, and The Universe, both very educational, were shown.

An American 16 mm picture on a similar subject will be screened at a future date.

C O M P L I M E N T S O F T H E S E A S O N

By the time this issue of the Bulletin reaches you, Christmas will be just around the corner.

We wish all
A VERY MERRY CHRISTMAS
and
A HAPPY NEW YEAR

...Editor.